**MSL Review Civics & Economics Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

1. The Council of the Mohawk shall be divided into three parties…The third party is to listen only to the discussion of the first and second parties, and if an error is made or the proceeding is irregular they are to call attention to it, and when the case is right and properly decided by the two parties they shall confirm the decision of the two parties and refer the case to the Seneca Lords for their decision. **-The Constitution of the Iroquois Nations**

Which principle of government found in the Iroquois Constitution influenced the framing of the U.S. Constitution?

* 1. Popular sovereignty
  2. Unicameral legislature
  3. Separation of powers
  4. Federalism

1. In contemplating the causes which may disturb our Union, it occurs as a matter of serious concern that any ground have been furnished for characterizing parties by Geographical discriminations, Northern and Southern, Atlantic and Western; whence designing men may endeavor to excite a belief that there is a real difference of local interests and views. One of the expedients of party to acquire influence within particular districts is to misrepresent the opinions and aims of other districts. You cannot shield yourself too much against the jealousies and heart-burnings which spring from these misrepresentations; they tend to render alien to each other those who ought to be bound together by fraternal affection. -**George Washington’s Farewell Address, 1796**

How did the country’s leaders respond to George Washington’s warnings against political parties?

* 1. His views that political parties were not mentioned in the U.S. Constitution slowed their growth for a century.
  2. His views were largely ignored and political parties rose in prominence to dominate the political system.
  3. His views on political parties created stalemates in the election process.
  4. His views gained enough support to prevent the formation of viable third parties.

1. According to media reports, in 2002 President Bush signed a secret order authorizing the National Security Agency (NSA) to monitor overseas e-mails, telephone calls and other communications originating within the United States of hundreds, and perhaps thousands, of U.S. citizens and foreign nationals without first obtaining a warrant. The administration subsequently admitted that such warrantless surveillance was occurring and it dubbed it the Terrorist Surveillance program.

According to the excerpt, how did the U.S. government change its citizens’ rights to privacy in response to the terrorist acts of 2001?

* 1. The federal government has full authority to monitor the previously private communications of all citizens
  2. State governments are now required to report electronic communications between citizens and foreign nations.
  3. Local governments must monitor all citizens’ private cell phones.
  4. Citizens’ encrypted communications are reclassified as criminal violations of national security policy.

Which largest expenditure in North Carolina?

* 1. Health & Social Services
  2. Education
  3. transportation
  4. debt

1. Sheriffs’ primary responsibility is to enforce laws at the local level. Who is responsible for enforcing laws at the state level?
   1. Members of the legislature
   2. District court judges
   3. State Bureau of Investigation
   4. A magistrate
2. An individual has been accused of taking the property of another person. Why would a judge require substantial evidence before issuing a search warrant?
   1. To prevent law enforcement officials from having to testify in court
   2. To guarantee an arrest by law enforcement officials
   3. To avoid self-incrimination by the suspect who took the property
   4. To ensure there was probable cause for conducting the investigation

7. How does the media in the United States generally influence legislation?

a. The media offers the most reliable sources of information available to lawmakers.

b. The media reporting of news allows for more independent decision making by legislators.

c. The media provides news coverage on topics that influence the public and lawmakers.

d. The media sets the agenda for political party platforms, which influences voting.

8. No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation -**Amendment V of the U.S. Constitution**

Based on this amendment, under which circumstance can the government detain a citizen without making formal charges?

1. When the accused is unable to post bail or secure a bond
2. If the accused is a member of the armed services during war or national crisis
3. After the accused has given a sworn statement
4. If the accused is a known felon with a criminal record or history of similar crimes

9. We consider the underlying fallacy…If one race be inferior to the other socially, the Constitution of the United States cannot put them upon the same plane. -**Justice Henry Brown, 1896**

On consideration whereof it is ordered…decrees consistent with the opinions of this Court as are necessary and proper to admit to public schools on a racially nondiscriminatory basis with all deliberate speed the parties to this case. -**Chief Justice Earl Warren, 1955**

How did the ruling in *Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka, Kansas* (1954) change the perception of citizenship from the previous ruling in *Plessy v. Ferguson* (1896)?

1. The double standard of segregation was replaced by a single standard for all citizens.
2. The residency requirements to become naturalized citizens decreased from fourteen to five years.
3. American Indian citizenship no longer required application and government approval.
4. Full citizenship for war deserters and felons was restored through amnesty.

10. Which Step in the presidential election process follows the national nominating convention and completes the flow chart?

1. Presentation
2. General election
3. Plank statement
4. Inaugural address

11. A man claims that he paid $450 for a lawn mower he never received. In which court should he sue to collect his money, and who should he bring suit against?

a. small claims court, against the seller

b. appeals court, against the manufacturer

c. superior court, against the Federal Trade Commission

d. tax court, against the Internal Revenue Service

12. Why do responsible consumers use credit or credit cards?

a. to make minor purchases without cash

b. to obtain the highest amount of points on a mortgage

c. to avoid mortgage insurance when buying a home

d. to establish a good credit score for getting a loan

13. **Consumer Purchase Options:**

* Buy the purchase item by trading an item of equal value
* Buy the purchase item using cash from a savings account
* Buy the purchase item using cash from a checking account
* Buy the purchase item through a credit card transaction

Given the different costs associated with each option above, which should a consumer consider before making a credit card purchase?

1. The length of product availability
2. The final cost of the product
3. The value of the producer’s stock
4. The history of the producer’s company
5. The National Do Not Call Registry, dietary supplements guidelines, and the Equal Credit Opportunity Act are all examples of which type of protection?
   1. Business
   2. Consumer
   3. Foreclosure
   4. Whistle-blower
6. How would a retailer in a market economy most likely react to high demand from consumers for a scarce product?
   1. By increasing the price of the product
   2. By decreasing the supply of the product
   3. By stopping sale of the product
   4. By asking for government regulation of the product
7. Markets, actors, and behaviors:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Monopoly | Oligopoly |
| Producers | Sellers |
| Unfair business practices | ? |

Just as producers in a monopolistic market situation may resort to unfair business practices to limit competition, what behavior are sellers in an oligopolistic market situation likely to use?

* 1. Price fixing to increase profits
  2. Investing to improve entrepreneurship
  3. Selling private lands to public entities
  4. Increasing income taxes for individuals

1. Which is **most likely** the result in a market economy if an industry increases investment training for workers?
   1. Decline in revenue
   2. Decline in federal regulation
   3. Increased competition with other industries
   4. Increased productivity for that industry
2. How could a national economy achieve a favorable balance of trade?
   1. By increasing its money supply to surpass a trade deficit
   2. By meeting its trade quotas with its industrial output
   3. By importing goods equal in value to its exports
   4. By exporting more than it imports
3. How does an American tariff on foreign imports immediately affect businesses that produce goods in the United States?
   1. The capital start-up costs of American manufacturing businesses decrease with the cost of imported equipment
   2. Businesses are encouraged to employ more Americans as the cost of subcontracting to other countries increases
   3. U.S. goods are more competitive in domestic markets when the cost of foreign goods increases
   4. U.S. goods are more competitive in foreign markets as the price of domestic goods decreases

20. How can the Federal Reserve Board discourage inflation?

A. by limiting the amount of money one person can borrow at a time

B. by setting the maximum number or loans a bank can issue in a year

C. by raising the interest rate member banks pay on borrowed money

D. by reducing the amount of money the federal government is allowed to borrow

1. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such Government, and to provide new guards for their future security. -***The Declaration of Independence***

According to this excerpt, what condition is sufficient cause for people to form a new government?

A. Citizens become disappointed with election results

B. Government becomes the major employer

C. Citizens become apathetic to the laws

D. Government becomes oppressive to its citizens

22. How does the U.S. Constitution conform to John Locke’s social contract theory?

A. The government operates on a system of law that is based on contracts and statutes

B. Citizens transfer some rights to the government in exchange for social order.

C. States retain sovereign powers and are joined by confederation

D. People agree to a social system guided by conscience

23. Citizens are concerned about a zoning law that allows a factory owner to build next to a residential area. Which

level of government would likely be asked to resolve this conflict?

A. federal government

B. state government

C. local government

D. regional government

24. Why has the U.S. government responded slowly to climate change issues, such as global warming?

A. The Supreme Court has ruled such actions to be outside the jurisdiction of the government.

B. There are no federal agencies with the authority to enforce climate-related regulations.

C. The problem of climate change is too complicated to be impacted by legislation

D. There is substantial political opposition to climate change initiatives